

Continue to previous E.C-15  
MJC-2/Sem-2/Unit-2/EC-16/Phy/VKS

Proceeding in the same way this method can be employed when several collinear SHM vibrating influence the nature of same particle of the medium. Let  $n$  simple harmonic vibrations of the same amplitude  $a$  and epoch angles  $0, 2\delta, 4\delta, \dots, 2(n-1)\delta$  influence a vibrating particle. If the displacements of vibrating particle are considered along the  $y$ -axis, the individual displacements are given by

$$y_1 = a \sin(\omega t - 0) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$y_2 = a \sin(\omega t - 2\delta) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Let  $A$  be the amplitude of the resultant vibration and  $\phi$  the epoch angle. Then, the projection of the individual vectors  $OP, PQ, QR$  etc. on the  $y$ -axis are given by  $0, a \sin 2\delta, a \sin 4\delta$  etc. Similarly, the projection on the  $x$ -axis are given by  $a \cos \delta, a \cos 2\delta, a \cos 4\delta$  etc.

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